

How StrongDM Helps with the Cloud Control Matrix (CCM) 4.0

The Cloud Controls Matrix (CCM) is developed by the Cloud Security Alliance (CSA). This framework is designed to aid both cloud providers and consumers in evaluating the security posture of cloud services. It comprises a collection of widely recognized security controls and best practices to provide organizations with guidance to effectively manage security risks in the cloud.

Below are the specific requirements where StrongDM can help you meet CCM 4.0 for the Identity & Access Management requirements. We have also provided a subset of the control mappings as a reference.



Control Domain: Identity & Access Management

Control ID & Name IAM-05 Least Privilege

Control Specification

Employ the least privilege principle when implementing information system access.

StrongDM Capability

Grant temporary or Just-in-Time access, with least privilege by default, for managing access to critical infrastructure. Integrate testing, approving, and implementing changes necessary in emergency situations (e.g. grant temporary access within applications like Slack and Microsoft Teams).

Control Mapping

AICPA TSC 2017

CC6.3

CIS 8.0

6.8

ISF SOGP 2022

SAI.1

ISO/IEC 27001/27002 2022

27001: A.5.15 27001: A.8.2 27002:5.15

NIST 800-53 5

AC-6 AC-6(4) IA-12 IA-12(2)

IA-12(3)

NIST CSF 1.1

PR.AC-4

PCI DSS 4.0

7.2.1 7.2.2 7.2.5

7.2.6

Control Domain: Identity & Access Management

Control ID & Name IAM-06 User Access Provisioning

Control Specification

Define and implement a user access provisioning process which authorizes, records, and communicates access changes to data and assets.

StrongDM Capability

StrongDM is a Dynamic Access Management platform that centralizes privileged access for all technical users to every resource in your infrastructure, on-premises and in the cloud. Every activity and query is logged for complete visibility into who is accessing what, when, and how. End users connect through StrongDM without ever being exposed to credentials.

Control Mapping

AICPA TSC 2017

CC6.3 CC8.1

CIS 8.0

6.1

ISF SOGP 2022

SAI.1.3

ISO/IEC 27001/27002 2022

27001: A.5.15 27002: 5.16

27002: 5.18

NIST 800-53 5

AC-3 AC-16 AC-16(2) AC-16(4)

AC-16(10) IA-12 IA-12(1)

NIST CSF 1.1

PR.AC-1 PR.PT-1 PR.AC-4

PCI DSS 4.0

7.2.2 7.2.3 8.2.4

Control ID & Name IAM-07 User Access Changes and Revocation

Control Specification

De-provision or respectively modify access of movers / leavers or system identity changes in a timely manner in order to effectively adopt and communicate identity and access management policies.

StrongDM Capability

Access to critical infrastructure aligns with the identity lifecycle, permissions occur only through StrongDM which authenticates the users through your identity provider or through StrongDM with MFA.

Control Mapping

AICPA TSC 2017

CC5.3 CC6.3

CIS 8.0

5.3 6.2

ISF SOGP 2022

SAI.1.3

ISO/IEC 27001/27002 2022

27001: A.5.15 27001: A.5.18

NIST 800-53 5

AC-2 AC-2(1) AC-2(2) AC-2(6)

AC-2(8) AC-3 AC-3(8) AC-6

AC-6(7) AU-10 AU-10(4) AU-16

AU-16(1) CM-7 CM-7(1)

NIST CSF 1.1

PR.AC-1 PR.AC-4 PR.IP-11

PCI DSS 4.0

8.2.5 8.2.6

Control Domain: Identity & Access Management

Control ID & Name IAM-08 User Access Review

Control Specification

Review and revalidate user access for least privilege and separation of duties with a frequency that is commensurate with organizational risk tolerance.

StrongDM Capability

The Standing Access Dashboard shows the security risk profile of all standing access grants. Make decisions on how should continue to have access, and where access can be revoked without introducing friction.

Control Mapping

AICPA TSC 2017

CC6.2 CC6.3

CIS 8.0

5.1

ISF SOGP 2022

SAI.1.3

ISO/IEC 27001/27002 2022

27001: A.5.3 27001: A.5.18 27001: A.8.3

NIST 800-53 5

AC-6 AC-6(4) AC-6(8) IA-8

IA-8(4)

NIST CSF 1.1

PR.AC-4

PCI DSS 4.0

7.2.5.1 7.2.5 7.2.4

Control ID & Name IAM-09 Segregation of Privileged Access Roles

Control Specification

Define, implement and evaluate processes, procedures and technical measures for the segregation of privileged access roles such that administrative access to data, encryption and key management capabilities and logging capabilities are distinct and separated.

StrongDM Capability

The StrongDM Admin UI maintains a list of all users and resources they have access to. Admins can define and enforce the appropriate access policies based on a user's role or a resource's attributes with comprehensive permissions auditing available.

Control Mapping

AICPA TSC 2017

CC5.1 CC6.1

CC6.3

CIS 8.0

5.4

ISF SOGP 2022

SAI.1.3

ISO/IEC 27001/27002 2022

27001: A.8.2 27001: A.8.18 27002: 8.2 (j)

NIST 800-53 5

AC-6 AC-3(7) AC-6(4) AC-6(8)

IA-5 IA-5(6) IA-8 IA-8(4)

NIST CSF 1.1

PR.AC-1 PR.AC-4

PCI DSS 4.0

3.6.1 3.7.6 6.5.3 6.5.4

7.2.1 7.2.2 10.3.1

Control Domain: Identity & Access Management

Control ID & Name IAM-10 Management of Privileged Access Roles

Control Specification

Define and implement an access process to ensure privileged access roles and rights are granted for a time limited period, and implement procedures to prevent the culmination of segregated privileged access.

StrongDM Capability

Grant temporary or Just-in-Time access, with least privilege by default, for managing access to critical infrastructure. Integrate testing, approving, and implementing changes necessary in emergency situations (e.g. grant temporary access within applications like Slack and Microsoft Teams).

Control Mapping

AICPA TSC 2017

CC6.1 CC6.2

CC6.3

CIS 8.0

5.1 6.5

ISF SOGP 2022

SAI.1.3

ISO/IEC 27001/27002 2022

27001: A.8.2 27001: A.8.18 27002: 8.2 (i)

NIST 800-53 5

AC-2 AC-2(7) AC-3 AC-3(4)

AC-3(11) AC-3(13) AC-3(14) AC-6

AC-6(4) AC-6(5) AC-6(8) AC-12

AC-12(3) AC-17 AC-17(4) IA-8

IA-8(4)

NIST CSF 1.1

PR.AC-4

PCI DSS 4.0

7.2.1 7.2.2

Control ID & Name IAM-13 Uniquely Identifiable Users

Control Specification

Define, implement and evaluate processes, procedures and technical measures that ensure users are identifiable through unique IDs or which can associate individuals to the usage of user IDs.

StrongDM Capability

Access to critical infrastructure aligns with the identity lifecycle, permissions occur only through StrongDM which authenticates the users through your identity provider or through StrongDM with MFA.

Control Mapping

AICPA TSC 2017

CC6.1

CIS 8.0

No Mapping

ISF SOGP 2022

SA1.3

ISO/IEC 27001/27002 2022

27001: A.5.16

NIST 800-53 5

AC-3 AC-3(14) AC-24 AC-24(2)

AU-10 AU-10(1) IA-2 IA-2(1)

IA-2(12) IA-4 IA-4(1) SA-8

SA-8(22) SC-23 SC-23(3) SC-40(4)

IA-2(2)

NIST CSF 1.1

PR.AC-1 PR.AC-6

PCI DSS 4.0

8.2.1 8.2.2 8.2.4

Control Domain: Identity & Access Management

Control ID & Name IAM-16 Authorization Mechanisms

Control Specification

Define, implement and evaluate processes, procedures and technical measures to verify access to data and system functions is authorized.

StrongDM Capability

StrongDM's Access Workflows solution provides a comprehensive, auditable, and streamlined approach to managing user access rights and permissions through requests that grant access through automated or human approval.

Control Mapping

AICPA TSC 2017

CC6.1 CC6.2

CC6.3

CIS 8.0

5.1

ISF SOGP 2022

SAI.1.3 SAI.1.4

ISO/IEC 27001/27002 2022

27001: A.5.18

NIST 800-53 5

AC-3 AC-3(5) AC-4 AC-4(17)

AC-4(21) AC-4(22) AC-6 AC-6(8)

AC-6(9) AC-12 AC-12(1) AC-20

AC-20(1) AU-10 AU-10(1)

NIST CSF 1.1

PR.AC-1 PR.AC-4

PR.AC-6 PR.AC-7

PR.PT-1

PCI DSS 4.0

7.2.4 7.2.3 7.2.5.1